

(4) Render such other rulings as are appropriate to the issues in question. However, the DOL Administrative Law Judge shall not have jurisdiction to consider the validity or constitutionality of JS regulations or of the Federal statutes under which they are promulgated.

(b) Based on the entire record, including any legal briefs, the record before the State agency, the investigation (if any) and determination of the Regional Administrator, and evidence provided at the hearing, the DOL Administrative Law Judge shall prepare a written decision. The DOL Administrative Law Judge shall send a copy of the decision stating the findings and conclusions of law and fact and the reasons therefor to the parties to the hearing, including the State agency, the Regional Administrator, the Administrator, and the Solicitor, and to entities filing amicus briefs (if any).

(c) The decision of the DOL Administrative Law Judge shall be the final decision of the Secretary.

§ 658.426 Complaints against USES.

Complaints alleging that an ETA regional office or the national office of USES has violated JS regulations should be mailed to the Assistant Secretary for Employment and Training, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. Such complaints should include:

(a) The allegations of wrong-doing, (b) the date of the incident, (c) location of the incident, (d) who the complaint is against, and (e) any other relevant information available to the complainant. The Assistant Secretary or the Regional Administrator as designated shall make a determination and respond to the complainant after investigation of the complaint.

Subpart F—Discontinuation of Services to Employers by the Job Service System

§ 658.500 Scope and purpose of subpart.

This subpart contains the regulations governing the discontinuation of services provided pursuant to 20 CFR part 653 to employers by the USES, including State agencies.

§ 658.501 Basis for discontinuation of services.

(a) The State agency shall initiate procedures for discontinuation of services to employers who:

(1) Submit and refuse to alter or withdraw job orders containing specifications which are contrary to employment-related laws;

(2) Submit job orders and refuse to provide assurances, in accordance with paragraph (d) above, that the jobs offered are in compliance with employment-related laws, or to withdraw such job orders;

(3) Are found through field checks or otherwise to have either misrepresented the terms or conditions of employment specified on job orders or failed to comply fully with assurances made on job orders;

(4) Are found by a final determination by an appropriate enforcement agency to have violated any employment-related laws and notification of this final determination has been provided to the JS by that enforcement agency;

(5) Are found to have violated JS regulations pursuant to § 658.416(d)(4);

(6) Refuse to accept qualified workers referred through the clearance system;

(7) Refuse to cooperate in the conduct of field checks conducted pursuant to § 653.503; or

(8) Repeatedly cause the initiation of the procedures for discontinuation of services pursuant to paragraphs (a)(1) through (6) of this section.

(b) The State agency may discontinue services immediately if, in the judgment of the State Administrator, exhaustion of the administrative procedures set forth in this subpart at §§ 658.501 through 658.502 would cause substantial harm to a significant number of workers. In such instances, procedures at § 658.503 (b) *et seq.* shall be followed.

(c) For employers who are alleged to have not complied with the terms of the temporary labor certification, State agencies shall notify the Regional Administrator of the alleged non-compliance for investigation and pursuant to § 655.210 consideration of ineligibility for subsequent temporary labor certification.